

Mature Migration: Growing Your Documentation Set with MadCap Flare

PRESENTED BY

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INTRODUCTION

- Introduce the two writing teams
- Discuss project scope
- Step through Science Writing process (more technical)
- Step through Tech Writing process (more architecture-based)
- Demo output



THE WRITING TEAMS

- Science Writing
 - Small team of five writers with science backgrounds
 - Produce pre-sales pieces, e.g., data sheets
- Technical Writing
 - Large team of 18 writers with various backgrounds
 - Produce post-sales pieces, e.g., user guides
- Both teams
 - Use Flare as primary authoring tool
 - Migrated from PDF to HTML as a primary output for content



PROJECT SCOPE

- A more modern and versatile format
 - Searchable, flexible, linkable content
 - Embedded features such as tooltip-type definitions of acronyms and bioinformatics terms
- Content is the same, with added dynamic features
 - PDF content is pulled apart and reassembled (tech writing only)
 - Content remains product-based
 - Content previously siloed in guides now lives in one “portal”
 - Visual design reformatted for HTML format



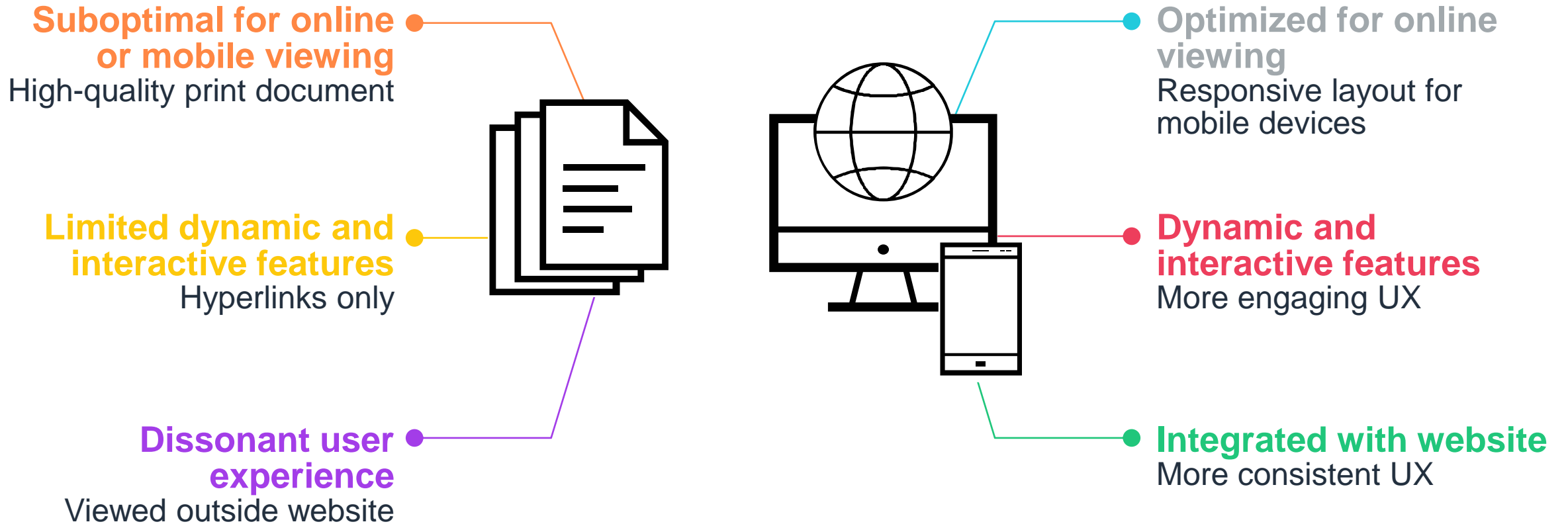
INITIAL FIELDWORK

- Figured out where we were headed, then what we needed to do to get there
- Reviewed help systems on the [MadCap Customer Showcase](#), identified applicable ideas and features like drop-downs and glossary terms
- Met with stakeholders to collect feature requests and feedback on navigation, design, versioning, and change management

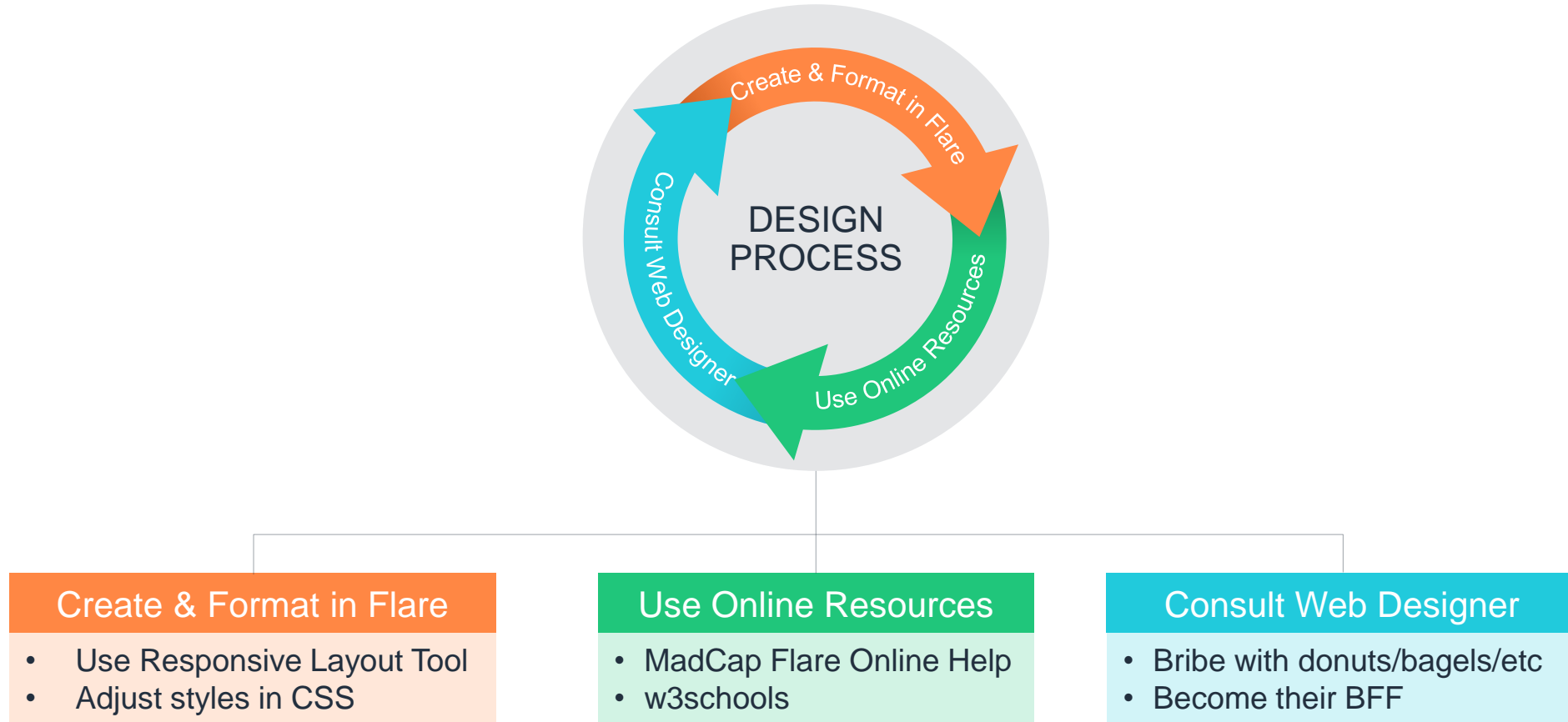


Science Writing

WHY DID WE SWITCH FROM PDF TO HTML?



HTML DESIGN/CREATION PROCESS



https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_website_layout.asp

<http://help.madcapsoftware.com/flare2018r2/Content/Flare/Responsive-Web-Design/Creating-Responsive-Layouts.htm?Highlight=responsive%20layout>

CREATING A SKINLESS HTML DESIGN

- Because our pieces are relatively short (2-4 pages) and cohesive, we wanted to present them as a single, scrolling web page
- How we did it
 - Started with an HTML5 Top Navigation skin
 - Used CSS to hide the skin components (navigation and search bars)
 - Authored content for each piece in a single topic file in Flare

```
nav.title-bar
{
    display: none;
}

div.search-bar
{
    display: none;
}
```

RESPONSIVE HTML LAYOUTS

- Content is displayed dynamically, based on the available viewing space
- Two major frameworks used in web design are Foundation and Bootstrap



RESPONSIVE LAYOUT TOOL

The image displays the Responsive Layout Tool interface, which is used for creating and managing responsive web layouts. The tool is divided into several sections:

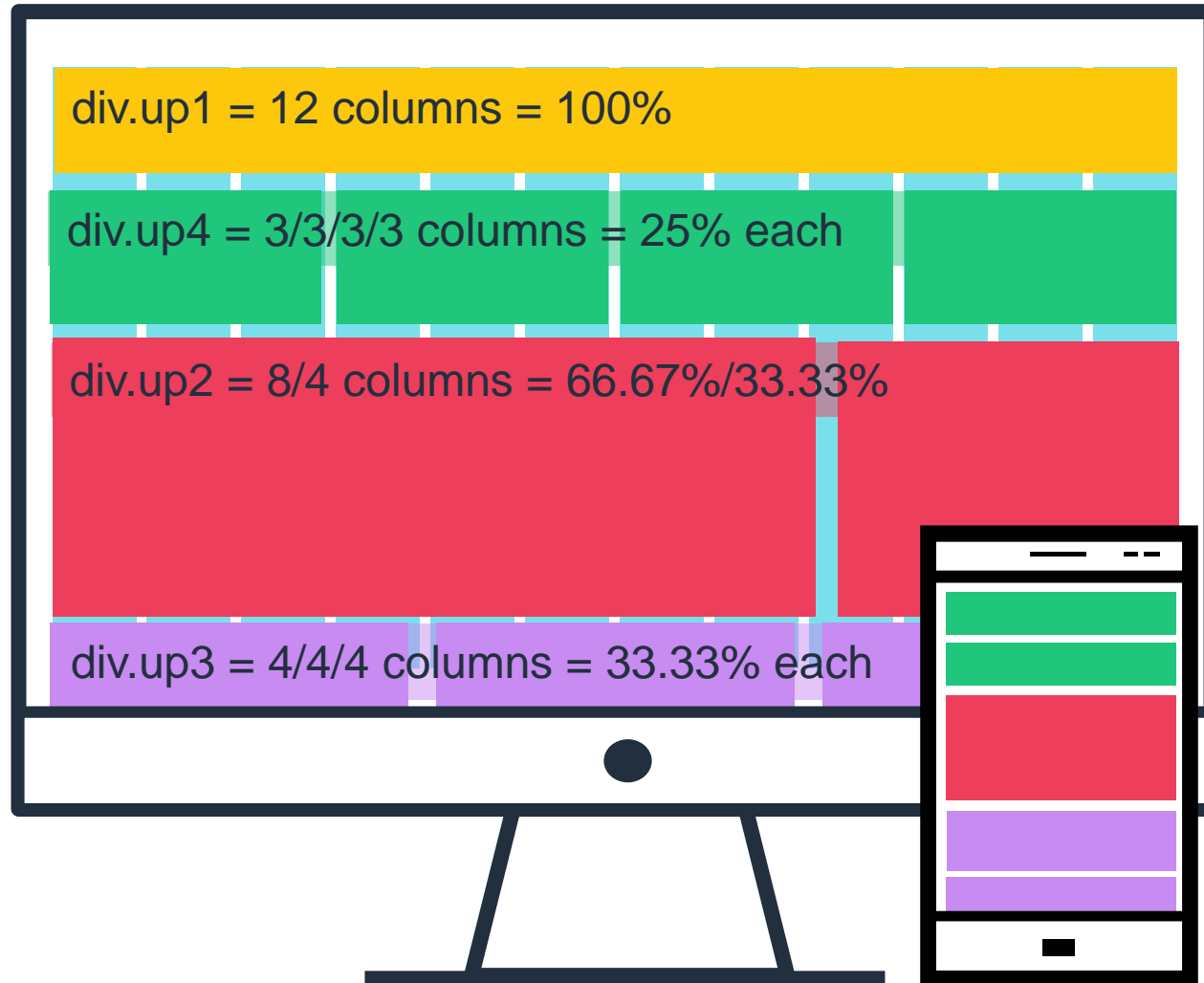
- File Explorer:** Located on the left, it shows a tree view of the project files, including folders like 'Art', 'CPS_files', 'marketing PDF', and 'Resources', and various HTML and PDF files.
- Content Explorer:** Below the File Explorer, it shows the current content of the selected file, including a 'highlight' section.
- New Row Style Dialog:** A central dialog box for creating new row styles. It includes fields for 'Class name' (TopNavBar1) and 'Stylesheet' (Resources/Stylesheets/SI). A list of row templates is shown, with '(Row template) Row-4-4-4' selected. The 'Preview' section shows a grid of three cells (1, 2, 3) and a mobile view of the same grid. The 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons are at the bottom.
- Responsive Layout Panel:** Located on the right, it shows the current row style (div.NewUp4) and allows for adding or deleting cells. It also displays the 'Cell Style' for the selected row style, showing the CSS rules for the 'div.up4' class.

The 'Responsive Layout' panel includes tabs for 'Web', 'Tablet', and 'Mobile'. The 'Web' tab is currently selected, showing a grid of three cells (1, 2, 3) and a mobile view of the same grid. The 'Tablet' and 'Mobile' tabs are also visible.

The 'Cell Style' section shows the CSS rules for the selected row style, including the 'div.up4' class and the 'div:nth-child(1)' selector. The rules include 'width: 25%' and 'margin-left: 1%'.

HOW RESPONSIVE LAYOUTS WORK

- Responsive web frameworks divide available horizontal space into 12 columns of equal width
- Flare integrates with this framework by creating divs with defined widths



AmpliSeq™ for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

Fast, accurate investigation of > 400 genes with known associations to cancer.

Highlights

- Relevant gene content**
Target full-exon coverage of 409 cancer-associated genes
- Fast, streamlined workflow**
Prepare sequencing-ready libraries in a single day from as little as 1 ng high-quality DNA or 10 ng DNA from FFPE tissue
- Accurate data**
Detect somatic mutations down to 5% frequency using local or cloud-based analysis

Introduction

The AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel provides a targeted resequencing solution for analyzing somatic mutations across 409 genes with known associations to multiple cancer types, including lung, colon, breast, ovarian, melanoma, and prostate. (Table 1). The Comprehensive Cancer panel is part of a streamlined workflow that includes PCR-based library preparation, Illumina sequencing by synthesis (SBS) chemistry and next-generation sequencing (NGS) technology, and automated analysis. It requires as little as 1 ng high-quality DNA or 10 ng DNA from low-quality samples per pool, making it compatible with various sample types, including formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tissues. The high gene content of the panel and low DNA input requirement empower a single, streamlined workflow for the quick assessment of cancer-related genetic variations, affording researchers the potential to unlock a wealth of genomic information from many tumor types.

Relevant gene content

Content for the AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel was selected based on expert curation of the scientific literature and other high-quality databases and includes over 50% of the Wellcome Trust Sanger Institute Cancer Gene Census. It was designed to profile exonic regions of known cancer driver genes, drug targets, signaling cascade genes, apoptosis genes, DNA repair genes, transcription regulators, inflammatory response genes, and growth factor genes. This ready-to-use panel saves researchers the time and effort of identifying targets, designing amplicons, and optimizing performance.



Access a complete list of genes in the AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel at www.illumina.com/products/by-type/sequencing-kits/library-prep-kits/ampli-seq-comprehensive-cancer-panel.html

Table 1: AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel at a glance

Parameter	Specification
No. of genes	409
Targets	Full-exon coverage for oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes
Cumulative target size	1.7 Mb
Variant types	SNVs, indels ^a
Amplicon size	100 bp on average
No. of amplicons	10,000
Input DNA requirement	1–100 ng (10 ng recommended per pool)
No. of pools per panel	4
Supported sample types	FFPE tissue, blood
Percent targets covered at minimum	> 90%
300x at recommended throughput	
Coverage uniformity (percent of targets with >0.2x mean coverage)	> 90%
Percent on-target aligned reads	> 90%
Total assay time ^b	6 hours
Hands-on time	< 1.5 hours
DNA-to-data time	2.5 days
^a SNVs: single nucleotide variations; indels: insertions/deletions	
^b Time represents library preparation only and does not include library quantification, normalization, or pooling.	
Data on file at Illumina, Inc. 2017	

Simple, streamlined workflow

The AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel is part of a DNA-to-variant solution that offers streamlined content, easy-to-perform library preparation, push-button sequencing systems, and simplified data analysis.

Library preparation follows a straightforward, PCR-based protocol that can be completed in as little as 6 hours, with < 1.5 hours hands-on time. Resulting libraries can be normalized, pooled, and then loaded on to a flow cell for sequencing. Prepared libraries are sequenced using proven SBS chemistry on the NextSeq™ System (Table 2).

Resulting data can be analyzed locally with Local Run Manager or easily streamed into BaseSpace™ Sequence Hub. Local Run Manager and BaseSpace Sequence Hub can access the DNA AmpliSeq analysis workflow to perform alignment and variant calling. BaseSpace Sequence Hub provides access to BaseSpace Variant Interpreter, which assists with turning variant call data into annotated results.

Table 2: Illumina sequencing systems recommended for use with the AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

Instrument	No. of Samples per Run	Run Time
NextSeq System (mid output)	4	30 hours
NextSeq System (high output)	12	35 hours

AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

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Relevant gene content

Target full-exon coverage of 409 cancer-associated genes

Fast, streamlined workflow

Prepare sequencing-ready libraries in a single day from as little as 1 ng high-quality DNA or 10 ng DNA from FFPE tissue

Accurate data

Detect somatic mutations down to 5% frequency using local or cloud-based analysis

Figures and Tables

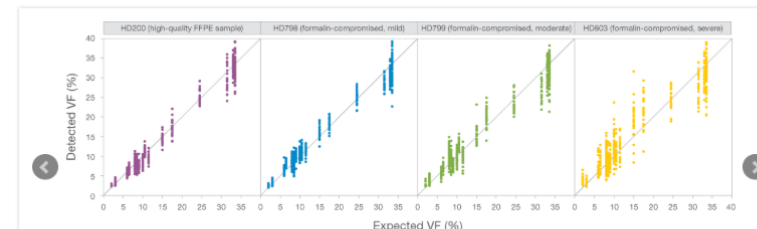


Figure 2: High Concordance Between Expected and Detected Variant Frequency—DNA from HD samples was prepared using the AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel and sequenced on the NextSeq System. Results show that 100% of expected SNVs were detected. ΔCq values are listed in Figure 1.

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AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

Highlights

Figures and Tables

Introduction

Relevant gene content

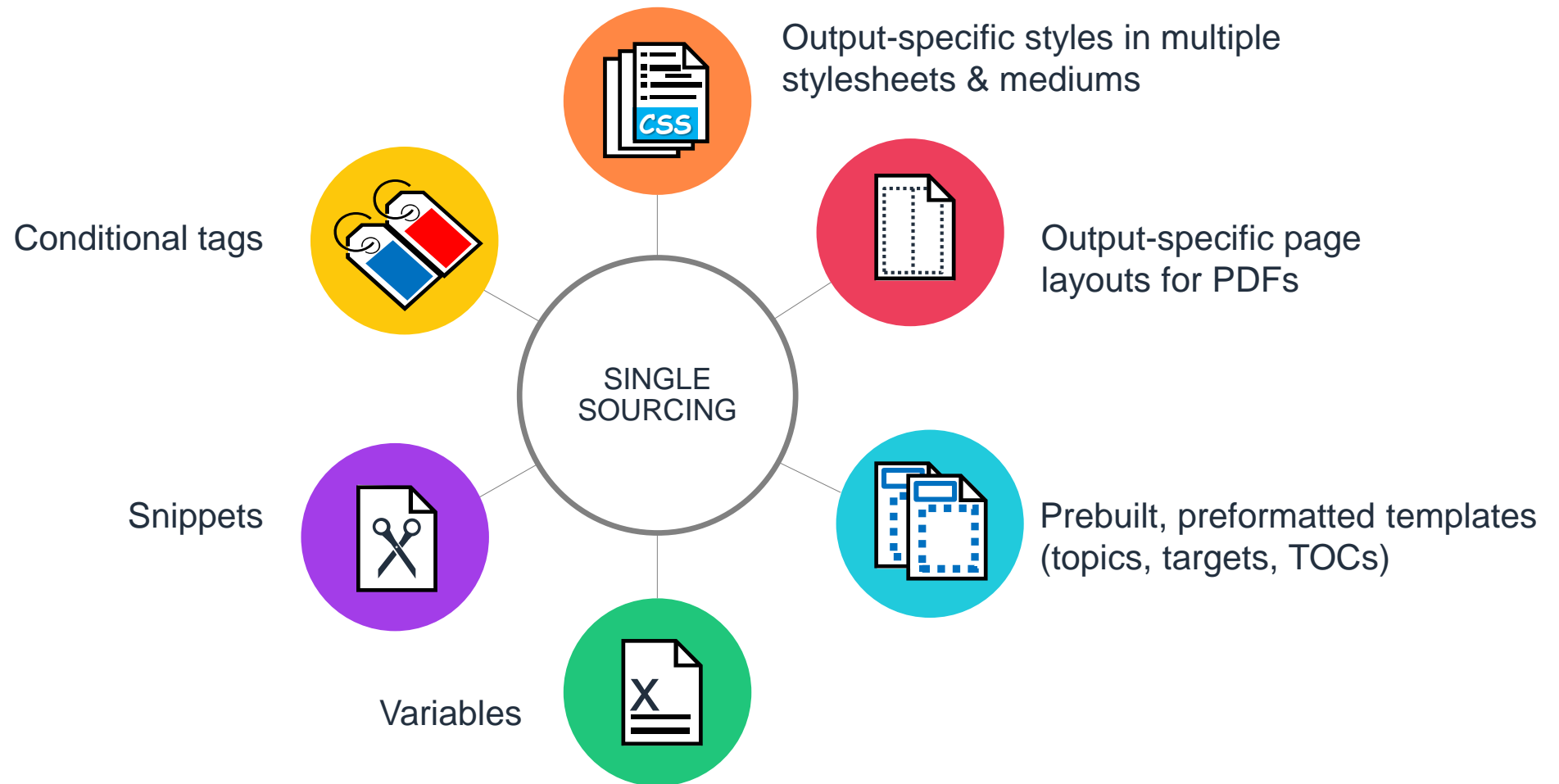
Simple, streamlined workflow

Accurate data

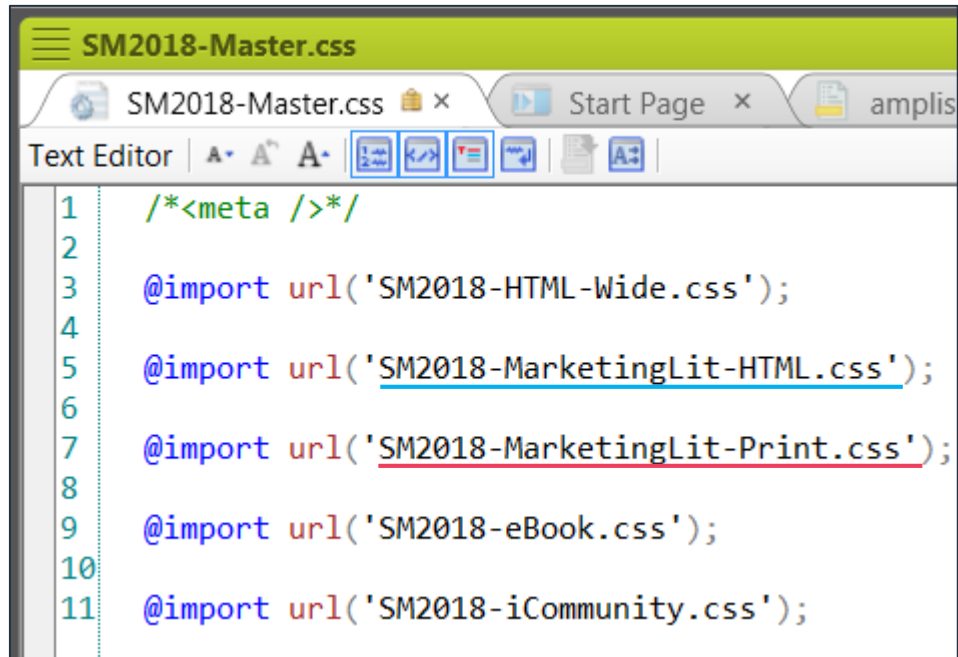
Ordering information

Additional resources

SINGLE SOURCING CONTENT FOR TWO OUTPUTS



CSS: MULTIPLE STYLESHEETS/MEDIUMS



```
SM2018-Master.css
SM2018-Master.css x Start Page x amplis
Text Editor
1 /*<meta />*/
2
3 @import url('SM2018-HTML-Wide.css');
4
5 @import url('SM2018-MarketingLit-HTML.css');
6
7 @import url('SM2018-MarketingLit-Print.css');
8
9 @import url('SM2018-eBook.css');
10
11 @import url('SM2018-iCommunity.css');
```



Data Sheet

AmpliSeq for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

Fast, accurate investigation of > 400 genes with known associations to cancer.

AmpliSeq™ for Illumina Comprehensive Cancer Panel

Fast, accurate investigation of > 400 genes with known associations to cancer.

CSS: MULTIPLE STYLESHEETS/MEDIUMS

CSS for HTML

```
div.hero
{
  background-image: url('../Images/hero-default-blue-bkg.jpg');
  background-size: cover;
  margin: 0 0 30px 0;
  padding-top: 60px;
  padding-bottom: 60px;
  /*height: 300px;*/
}
```

```
h1.title
{
  font-family: "HelveticaNeueW01-MdExt", sans-serif;
  color: #ffffff;
  background-color: inherit;
  font-size: 44px;
  line-height: 50px;
  padding-bottom: 30px;
}
```

CSS for PDF

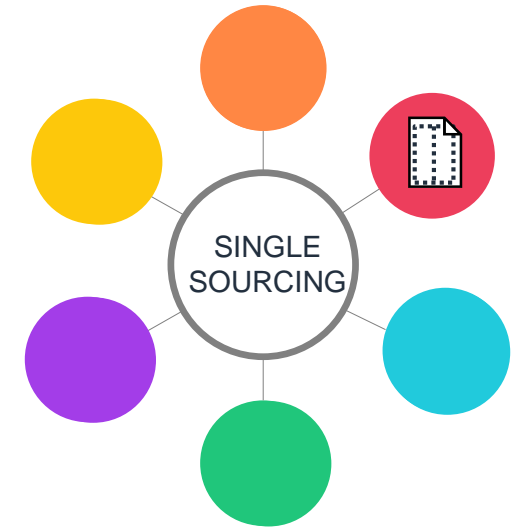
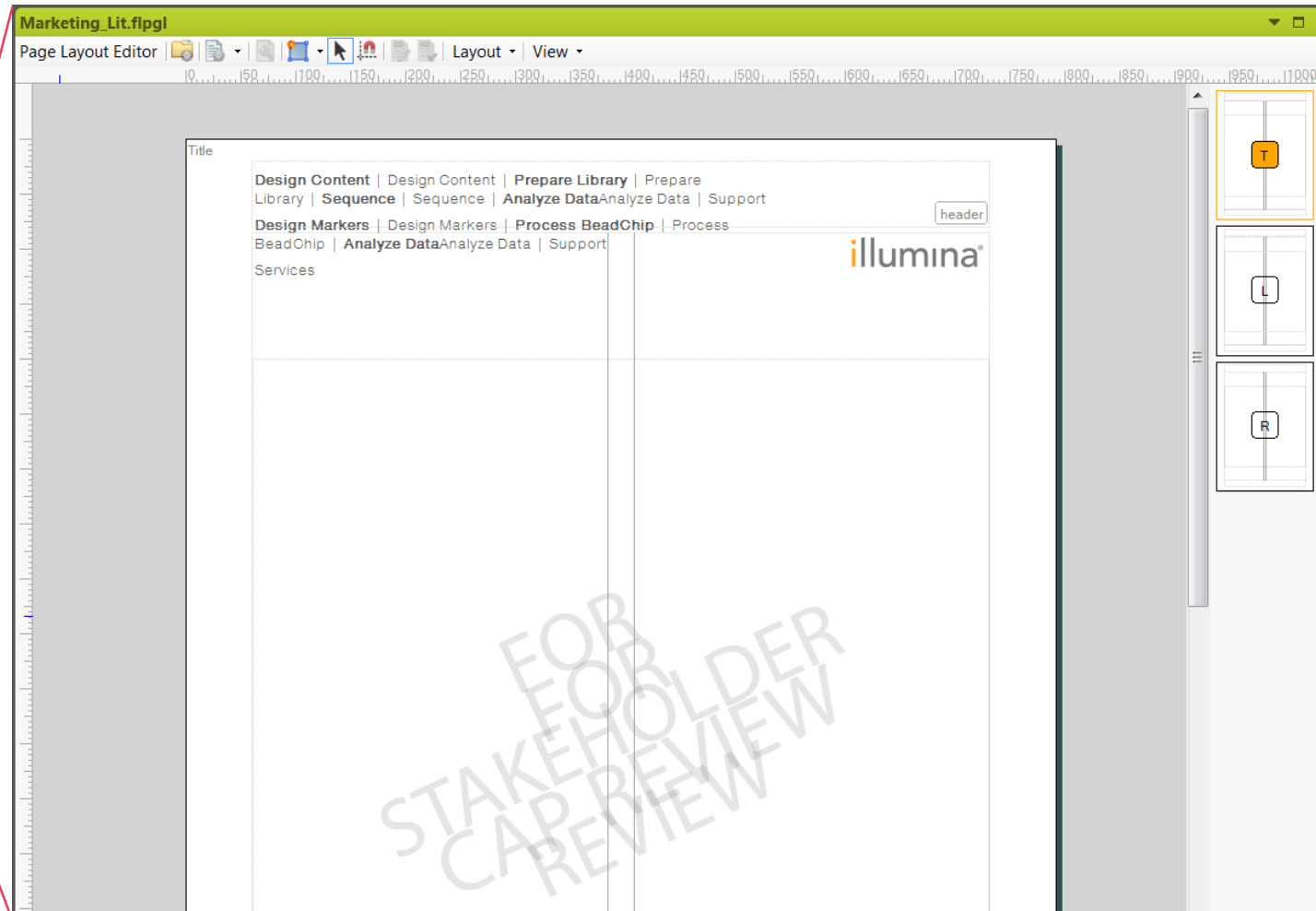
```
div.hero
{
  background-image: none;
  width: 7in;
  position: absolute;
  top: -0.3in;
  margin-right: 3.375in;
  float: left;
  margin-top: 1in;
  margin-bottom: 15pt;
  padding-top: 0;
  padding-bottom: 40pt;
}
```

```
h1.title
{
  font-family: 'HelveticaNeueLT Com 65 Md';
  font-weight: lighter;
  font-size: 23pt;
  line-height: 27.6pt;
  color: #ffb441;
  color: device-cmyk(0,0.41,1,0);
  mc-heading-level: 0;
  padding-bottom: 0;
}
```

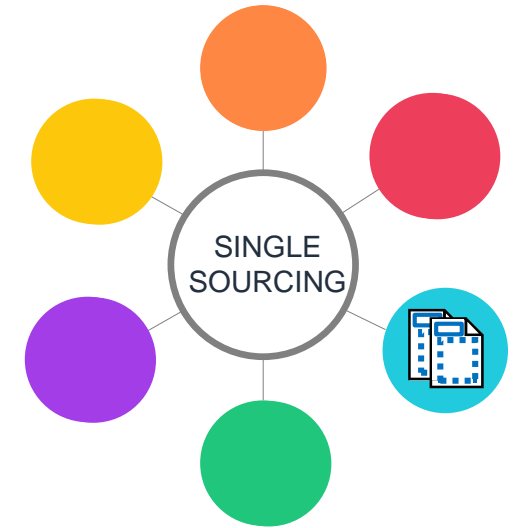
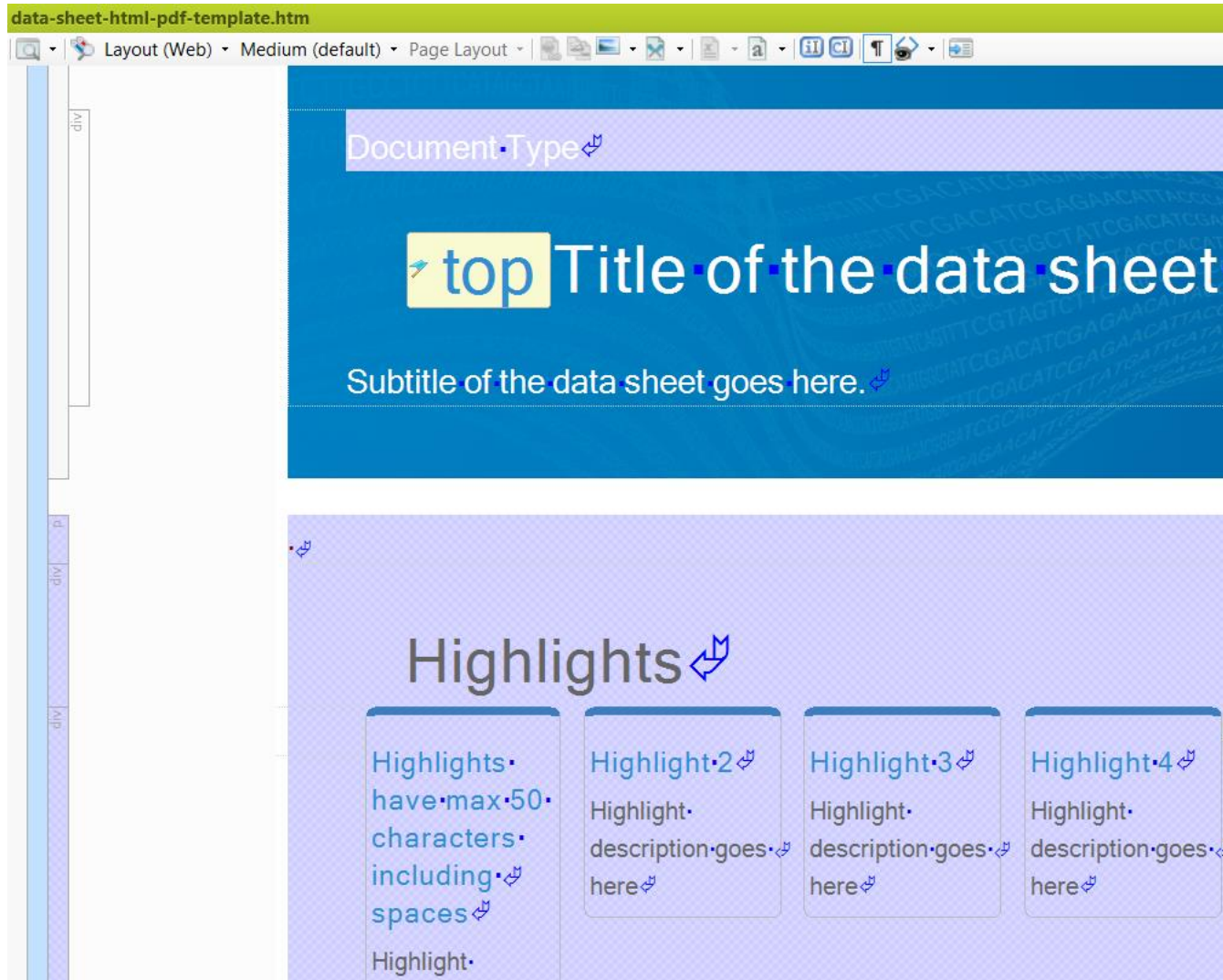


DELIVERABLE-SPECIFIC PAGE LAYOUTS

- Resources
- Images
- MasterPages
- PageLayouts



TEMPLATES TO SIMPLIFY FORMATTING



COMBINING SNIPPETS & VARIABLES FOR REUSING TABLES



Feature	Description	
Species	☒ Species: Species☒	
Total number of markers	☒ Markers_ Total No. of Markers☒	
Capacity for custom bead types	☒ Custom_ Capacity for Custom Bead Types☒	
Number of samples per BeadChip	☒ Samples_ No. of Samples per BeadChip☒	
DNA input requirement	☒ DNA_Inpu DNA Input Requirement☒	
Assay chemistry	☒ Assay_Ch Assay Chemistry☒	
Instrument support	iScan or HiScan System	
Sample throughput☒☒	~ ☒ Throughp Sample Throughput☒ samples/week	
Scan time per sample	iScan System ☒ Time_iSc Scan Time for iScan☒ min	HiScan System ☒ Time_HiS Scan Time for HiScan☒ min

a. Estimate assumes 1 iScan System, 1 AutoLoader, 2 Tecan robots, and a 5-day work week.

COMBINING SNIPPETS, VARIABLES, & CONDITIONS FOR CUSTOMIZABLE REUSE



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DATA SHEET DEMO

- [MiniSeq System Data Sheet](#) from Science Writing



TRAINING WRITERS – TIPS AND ADVICE

- Be patient, change is hard
- Hold more than one training session (one not enough)
 - Expect questions and problems, be prepared to help with impromptu, one-on-one training/troubleshooting
- Document **EVERYTHING** – detailed process docs or internal online help, with step-by-step instructions (including screenshots); record training sessions
- Consider leading a recurring (weekly or biweekly) series of meetings to keep team updated on changes/new features; serve as "office hours" for questions/troubleshooting



WHERE WE ARE GOING FROM HERE

- HTML Format v2.0
 - Building a glossary of terms for use with text pop-up definitions
 - Designing new elements for additional features: customer quotes, videos, etc
 - Evaluating possibility for custom deliverables based on region, customer type, level of expertise, etc
- Use metrics
 - Collecting metrics on how customers interact with HTML format – what works, what doesn't
 - Exploring customer surveys to gather more info on design



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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- Sandeep Komalan
- Burt Crismore



Technical Writing



BACKGROUND

- Rapidly changing company, products, and customers
- Emphasis shifted from products to workflows
- Dated documentation model
 - Slow updates
 - Stale, siloed content
 - Customers missed or duplicated steps
- Needed a big, integrated help system

PROCESS OVERVIEW



Discover

Solicit input from stakeholders



Design

Mock up pages and navigation; usability test



Develop

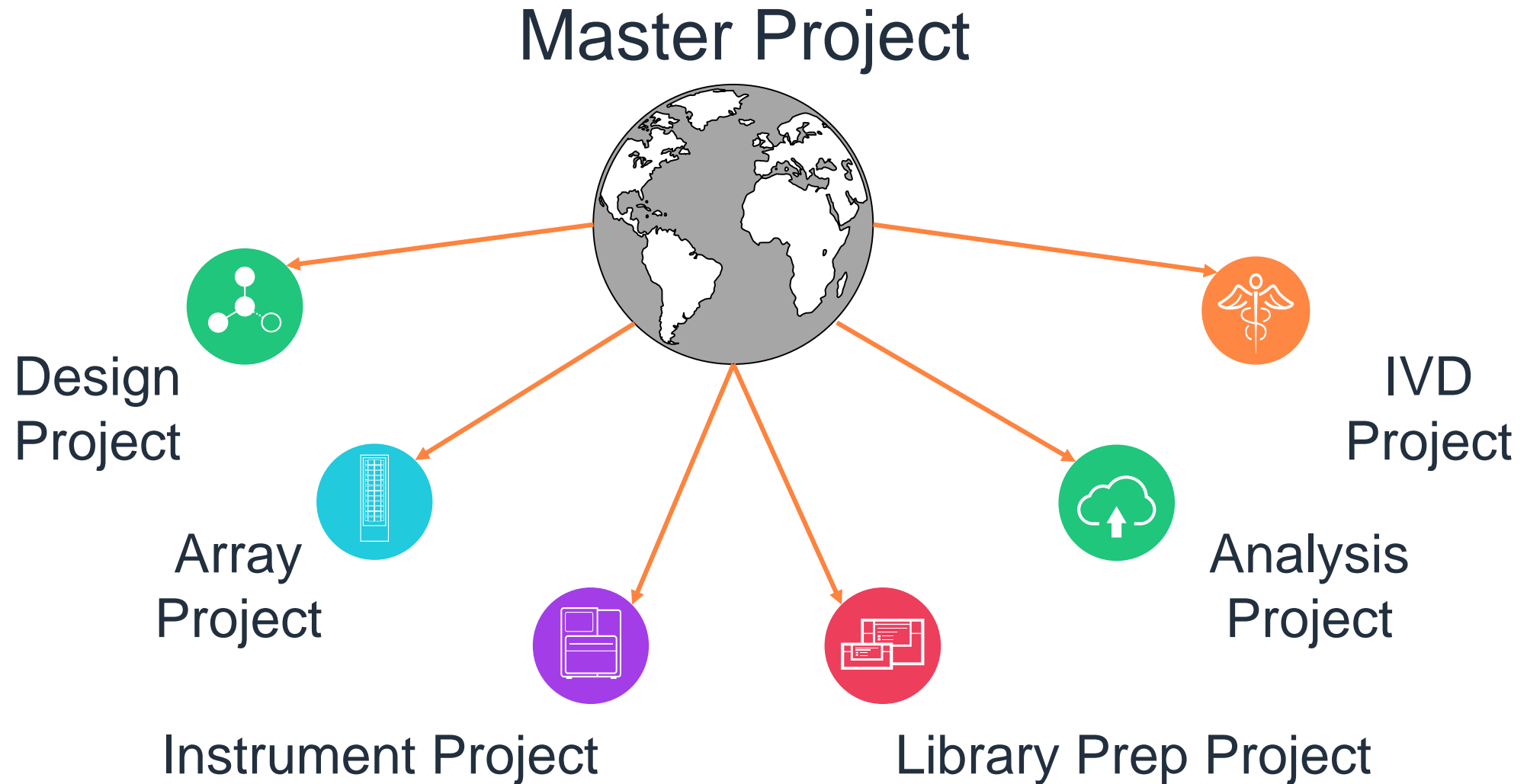
Build files in Flare and prep topics



Deploy

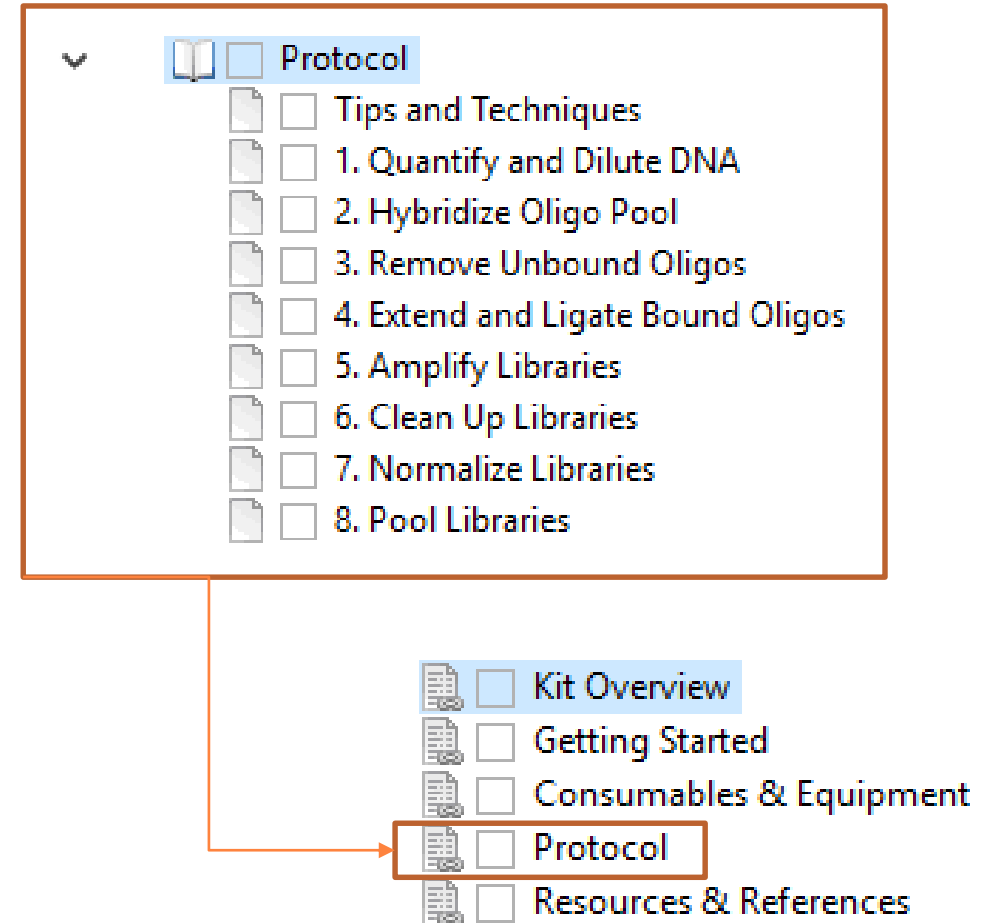
Publish Phase 1 files to the web

GLOBAL PROJECT LINKING

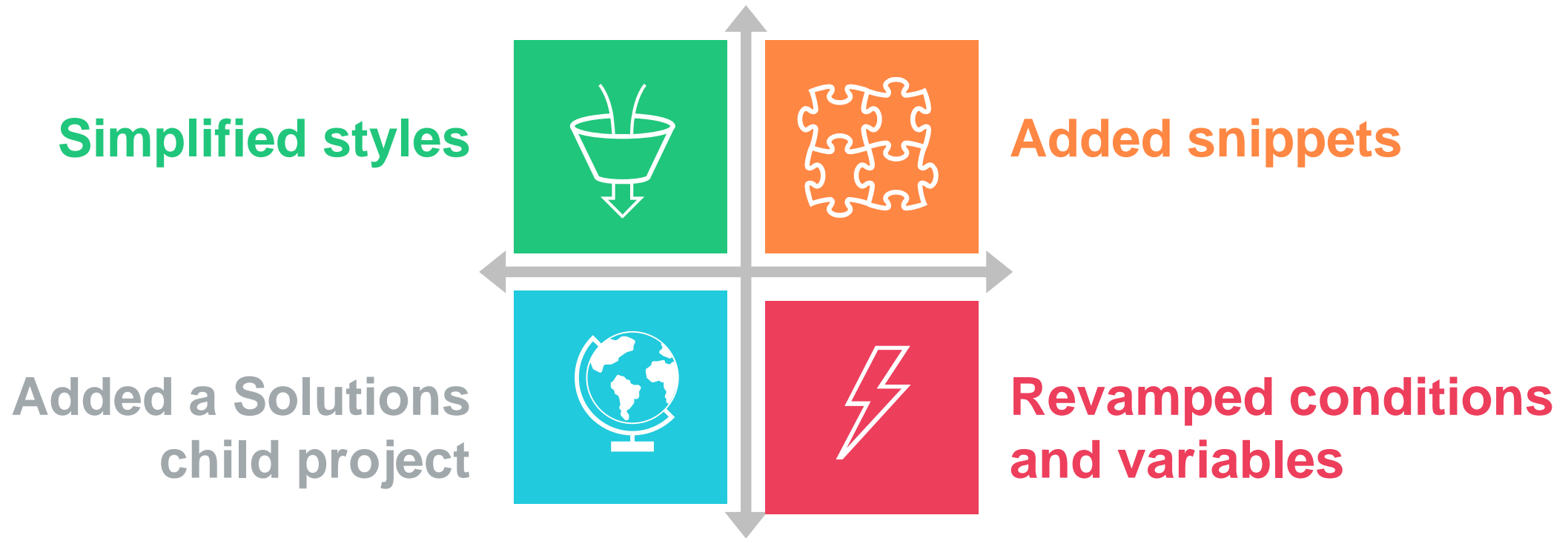


PROJECT SETUP

- Turn UX-tested designs into master pages
- Maintain a one target to one TOC ratio
- Set up each “bucket” as a mini TOC
- Stich mini TOCs into one master TOC



REPOSITORY REFRESH





CONTENT ARCHITECTURE

- **Make the content easy to find and use**
- Get customers to the right place quickly, then self-serve
- Help customers plan ahead
- Decide which pieces go together and how
 - Early decision to organize by product type
 - Links ensure workflow continuity

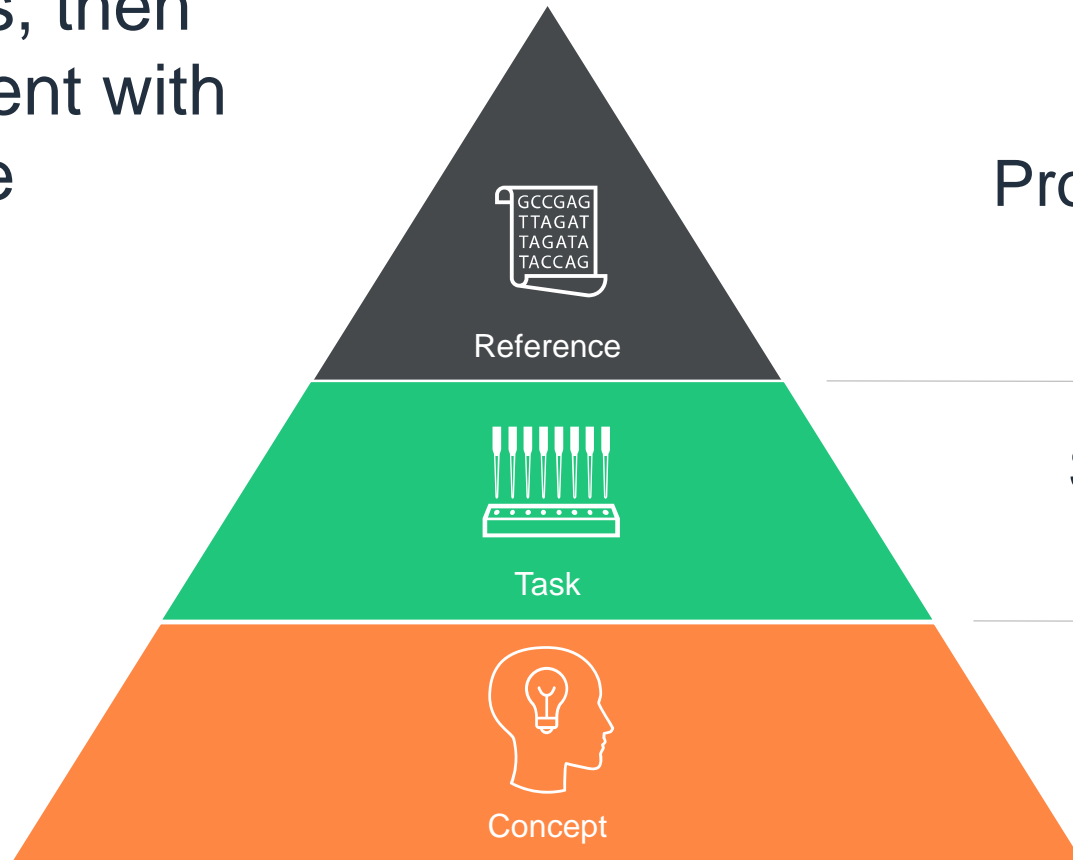


CONTENT ORGANIZATION

- Organize by product: one help system per product
- Organize chronologically, in the order the customer performs the steps
- Map all content to applicable products
- Mix and match content across all guides

CONTENT STRUCTURE

Funnel concepts
into tasks, then
supplement with
reference



Product facts not directly pertinent
to the protocol

Steps in a protocol, and that's it

What you're trying to
accomplish for the product and
what to know for the protocol

DITA-INSPIRED STYLES

```
p.ConceptBody
{
}

p.RefBody
{
}

p.TaskBody
{
}
```





CONTENT LABELING

- Analyze content in PDF guides
- Identify patterns across product types
- Identify categories (“buckets” of information) for each type
- Put applicable topics into each bucket
- Represent everything at least once; nothing more than twice



LANDING PAGE DESIGN

- Set up a template for each product type
 - Same buckets for each product type
 - Mandatory and optional topics for each bucket
- Standardized icons for the buckets
- Tested final design usability and iterated

LIBRARY PREP KIT LANDING PAGE



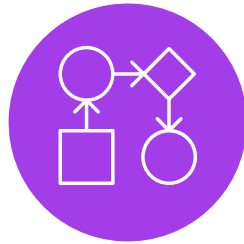
Kit Overview



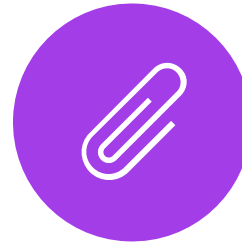
Getting Started



**Consumables
& Equipment**



Protocol



**Resources &
References**

SEQUENCING PROTOCOL



Getting Started

DNA Input

Pooling Guidelines

Adapter Sequences

Analysis App



STAKEHOLDER INPUT

- Are the buckets right?
 - Is the content distributed correctly?
 - Do we need more buckets? Fewer?
- Is the navigation intuitive?
 - Can you easily get to the content you need?
 - Is searchability addressed?
- What's on your wishlist?

FEATURE REQUESTS FROM STAKEHOLDERS

Request	Implementation	
Version awareness	Version by HTML page	✓
Show differences between versions	Future implementation	✗
Notification of upcoming updates	Future implementation	✗
Time and date stamps	Release info in footer of each page Print to PDF date and time stamps	✓
Editable content	Future implementation	✗
Links, links, and more links	Disciplined linking across projects	✓



USABILITY TESTING

- Dedicated human factors researcher
- Iteratively tested the various components
 - Card sort to test categories and subtopics
 - Interactive wireframes to test landing page designs
 - Content on a page (drop-downs, expandables, popups, subheads)
 - Look and feel elements (breadcrumbs, right navigation)
- Finally tested the whole thing



EXAMPLE QUESTIONS FOR UX

- Do drop-downs declutter or impede Ctrl + F?
 - Does a Expand/Collapse All button solve this problem?
- Is the inline placement of terms and acronyms annoying?
- Is the content where you expect to find it?
 - If your instrument leaked, would you know where to find help?
- Do you know you can expand the graphics?
- Are numbered headings helpful?



OVERALL TEST RESULTS

- Very little contradictory feedback
- Intuitive grasp of concept, task, and reference
- Agreement on key content issues
 - How we label kit, consumables, and equipment topics
 - How we group critical concepts like pooling and index sequences
 - How we explain data output

FEATURE REQUESTS FROM UX TESTING

Request	Implementation	
PDFs	UI button to print by mini TOC	✓
Improved definitions	Glossaries	✓
Site map and tooltips	Improve topic structure instead	✗
Targeted keyword searches	Synonyms, index keywords, topic descriptions, descriptive headings	✓
Offline version	Print to PDF (near-term solution)	✗
Inline tips and techniques	Styles for this information	✓



PUTTING THE PIECES TOGETHER

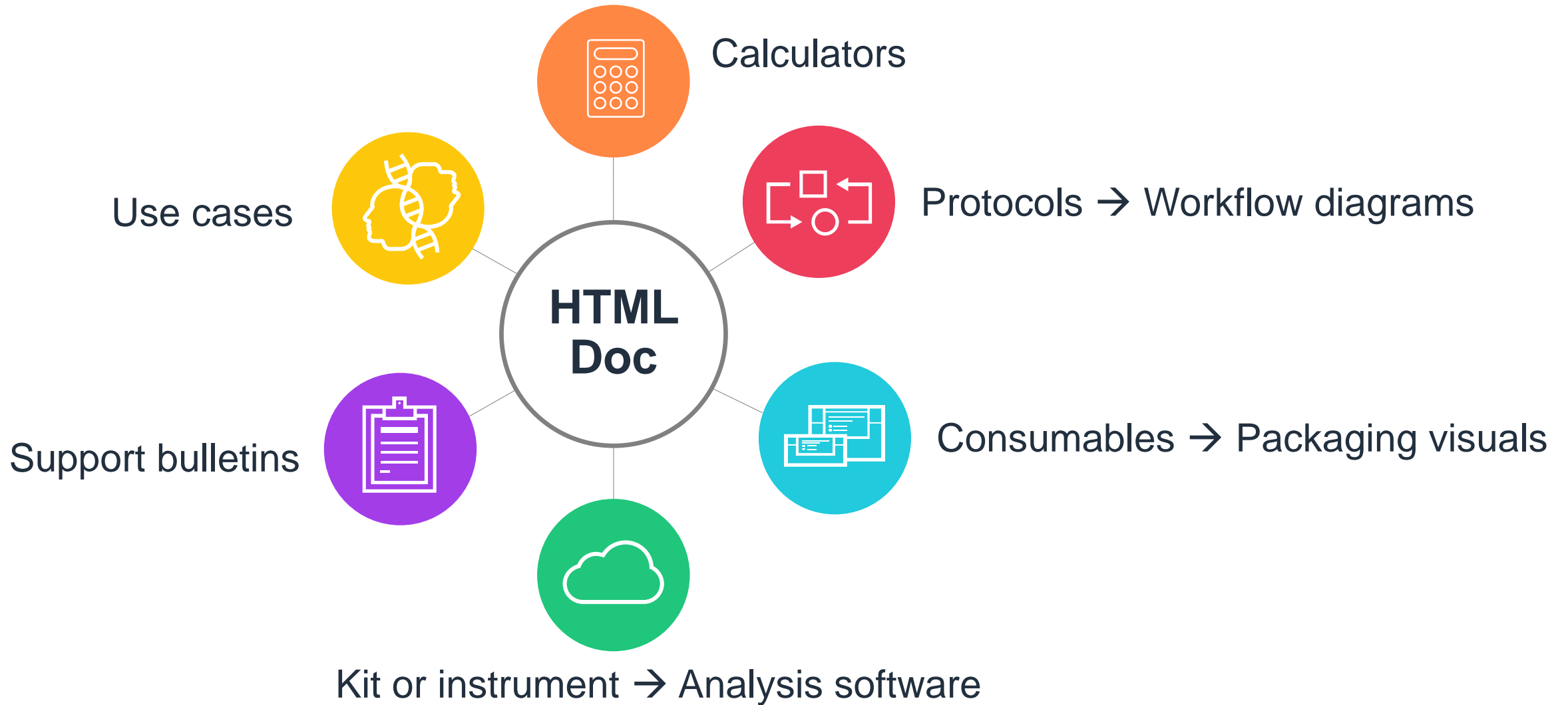
- Integrate all the feedback into something logical
- Supplement testing and input with metrics
- Set up projects and processes to scale and flex
- Use more snippets
- Honor the architecture



ADD TERMS

- Glossary files
 - One to define acronyms
 - One to define bioinformatics and SBS terms
 - SME-reviewed for technical accuracy
- Synonyms file
 - Reviewed Google search terms
 - Solicited writers' input
 - Brand terms vs. customer terms

ADD LINKS





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